

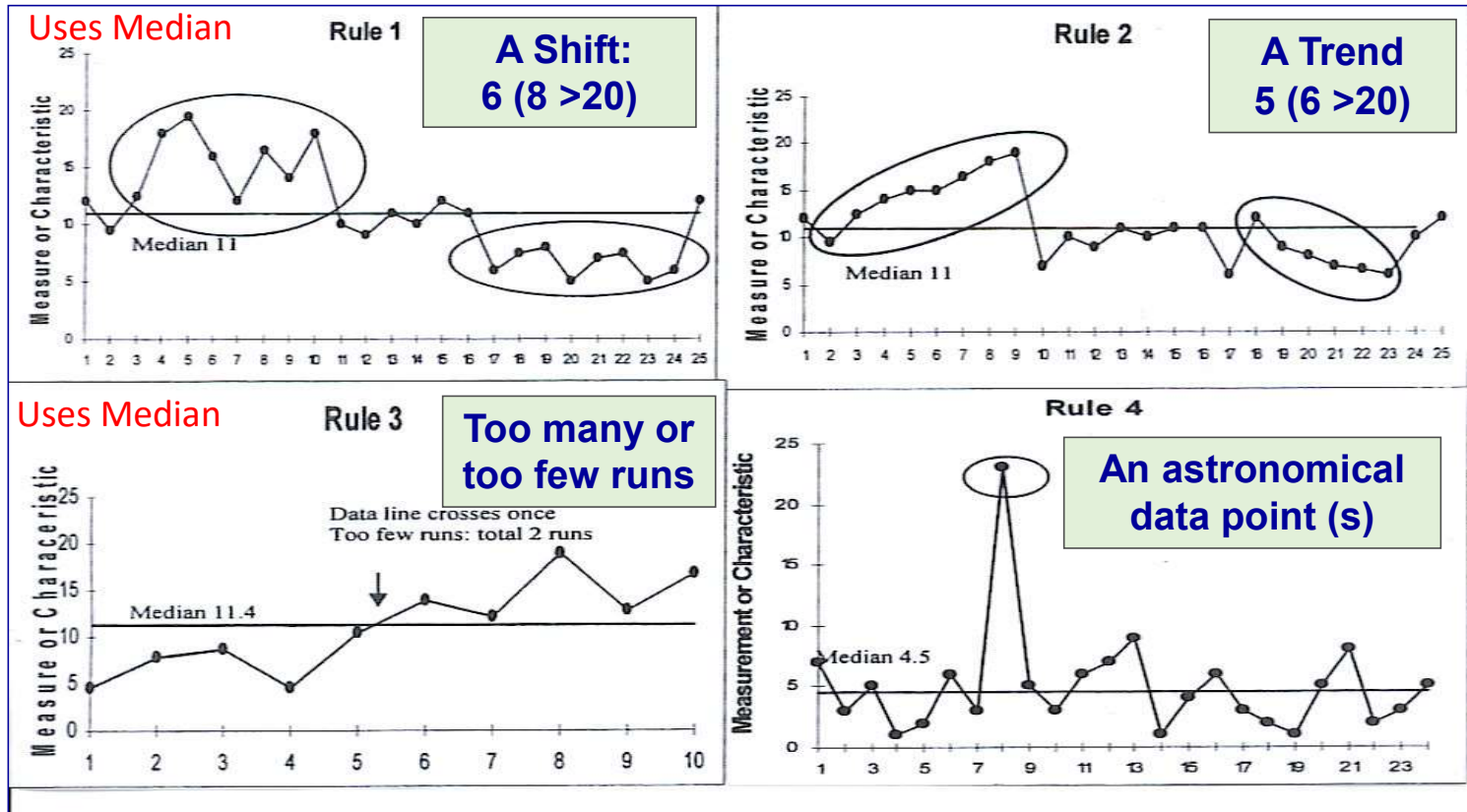
Using Run Charts to Understand Variation

A: Create Chart B: Apply the 4 Rules C: Analyze Results D: Identify Strategies

1. **Shift?** (6 or more in a row all above or all below median, use 8 or more points if you have > 20 points, values on the median do not break a shift)
2. **Trend?** (5 or more in a row all going up or down, use 6 or more if you have > 20 data points, consecutive like values are counted as one)
3. **Number of Runs?** (Too many? Too few? Just enough?)
 - A. Count the number of runs on the chart (a run consists of one or more consecutive points on the same side of the median)
 - B. Count the total number of useful observations (data points not sitting on the median)
 - C. Consult Number of Runs Table (Identify the range – Too Few? Too Many? Just Enough?)
4. **Astronomical Point(s)?** (extreme points far beyond data range, all agree)

Adapted from John S. Dowd, Consultant in Continual Improvement and [The Health Care Data Guide](#). (2022). Provost and Murray.

4 Run Chart Rules are used to identify non-random signals



Adapted from The Data Guide by L. Provost and S. Murray, Austin, Texas, 2011, page 78